

Globallic

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Globallic	
Ta idúm delta globbo	
Type	Global language
Alignment	Nominative-Accusative
Head direction	head-initial
Tonal	Yes
Declensions	Yes
Conjugations	Yes
Genders	Two (f./m.)
Nouns decline according to...	
Case	Number
Definiteness	Gender
Verbs conjugate according to...	
Voice	Mood
Person	Number
Tense	Aspect
Meta-information	
Progress	0%
Statistics	
Nouns	0%
Verbs	0%

Adjectives	0%
Syntax	0%
Words	? of 1500
Creator	Big graduate

Globallic is a Yeflono language of the Indo-European language family. It can be sub classified as a Proto-Globallic language in the Yeflono family. It is spoken across earth and has some of the easiest grammar, but pronunciation sucks as it is a tonal language and adding an accent changes the pitch. In Globallic, they call themselves "ta idúm delta globbo", meaning "the language of the globe".

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Classification and Dialects

It is in the Yeflono language family, which comes from Proto-Yeflono, it has 3 small groups, West Yeflono, New Yeflonian and Proto-Globallic (the language family in which Globallic is in). It has Dialects based on the region where it is located in. It is reported to have over 300 Dialects. Its alive descendants are **Pilish** and Esperanto-Globallic, a mix of conlangs **Esperanto**^[W] and Globallic. To note, the birthday of both the conlang creators fall on 15th December! It can also be called 15-December-Hybrid (FDH).

Phonology

Consonants

	Bilabial	Labio-dental	Dental	Alveolar	Post-alveolar	Retroflex	Palatal	Velar	Uvular
Nasal	m			n		ɳ	ɲ	ŋ	
Plosive	p b			t d				k ɡ	
Affricate				ts dz	tʃ dʒ				
Fricative	ɸ	v	θ ð	s z	ʃ ʒ			x	
Approximant				ɹ			j	w	
Trill				r					
Lateral app.				l			ʎ		



Vowels

	Front	Central	Back
High	i y		ɯ u
High-mid	e ø		ɤ o
Mid		ə	
Low-mid	ɛ œ		

Near-low	æ		
Low	a	ä	ɑ ɒ

IPA denominations

each letter in the IPA shown above is used for the following letters:

Vowels

Vowels and their diacritics			
Vowel	IPA sound	Example	English meaning
A a	a	Apel	Apple
A a	ɑ	Ananasí	Pineapple
A a	ɒ	Batán	Button
À à	ə	Bayàl	Hair
À à	ä	Wàháne	Vehicle
Á á	a:	Ráqián	Hundred
Æ æ	æ	Plæntenne	Banana
E e	e	Anekta	Diversity
E e	ε	Reínbouw	Rainbow
È è	ɔ	Èmral	Emerald
É é	e:	Éhn	In
É é	æ	Bébé	Baby
É é	ε:	Béngan	Brinjal/Aubergine
I i	i	Tiket	Ticket
I i	y	Bankebil	Banknote
Í í	y:	Kompaní	Company
O o	o	Toúlla	Lock

Ó ó	ø	Bódhwar	Thursday
Œ œ	œ	Gœúlf	Golf
U u	u	Rupayah	Silver
U u	u	Sun	Gold
Ú ú	u:	Úttar	North
Ú ú	u:	Krúúnnà	Crown

Consonants

Consonants will come soon

Writing System

- Derived from the Latin script
- Takes all letters from English
- All these letters are NOT in the correct alphabetic order as in the table, but in the picture.
- 2 letters are ligatures.
- 1 Letter is a diagraph.
- 4 letters have diacritics on them.
- 1 letter is yogh, the letter after z, which is written as a three (3) with a line at the top in capital and the IPA symbol for the voiced postalveolar fricative <ɝ> as the small form. But in typing Globallic, the number 3 is used to depict yogh, which makes the voiced postalveolar fricative /zh/ sound.
- in total, there are $(26+2+1+4+1) = 34$ letters in the Globallic Alphabet.
- There are three diacritics, the È, Í and the Ó, which appear very rarely in Globallic, not counted in the Alphabet.
- For vowels, there are two diacritics: the acute : á,é,í,ó,ú: which are tonal marks to depict length, and à, è (the grave), used for depicting schwa <ə> , the mid central vowel in the IPA code. There are no diacritics for Consonants. There are no tones beside the lengthening of the Vowel. À, less frequently, can also depict the low central Vowel <ä>, which appears very less frequently in Globallic.
- There are many diagraphs in Globallic, but only Ch is given special status as a separate letter.
- The following table shows the 34 letters, not well arranged, with their most common sound in IPA or their English counterparts.

Letter	A	Á	À	Æ	B	C	Ch	D	E	É	F	G
Sound	/a/	/ā/	/ə/	/æ/	/b/	[1]	/tʃ/	/d/	/e/	[2]	/f/	/g/

Letter	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	Œ	Q	R	S
Sound	/x/	/i/	/dʒ/	/k/	/l/	/m/	/n/	/o/	/ œ/	/q/	/r/	/s/
Letter	T	U	Ú	X	Y	V	W	Z	3			
Sound	/t/	/u/	/ū/	/x/	/j/	/v/	/w/	/z/	/ʒ/			

Grammar

	Gender	Cases	Numbers	Tenses	Persons	Moods	Voices	Aspects
Verb	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Nouns	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Adjectives	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Numbers	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Participles	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Adverb	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Pronouns	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Adpositions	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Article	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Particle	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No

Pronouns

Here are some tables for the pronouns and how to use them:

There are 3 types of Pronouns in Globallic based on how we use them:

- The subjective (Ta subyectariamente)

Prounoun	1st person	2nd person	3rd person
Singular masculine	Rembu (inf.)	Tú (inf.)	Ell Élja
Singular feminine	Rambadan (obs.)	Ap (for.)	Élha Ap (inf.)

Plural	Am	Ap-na (for.)	lls
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- The possessive (Ta mjan тариamente)

Pronoun	1st person	2nd person	3rd person
Singular masculine		Ishkritú (inf.)	Ishkréhll
	Ishkrirembu		
Singular feminine		Ishkráp (for.)	Ishkréélha
Plural	Isham	Ishkráp	llsphuhm

- The objective (Ta vastaariamente)

Pronoun	1st person	2nd person	3rd person
Singular masculine		Túttahm (inf.)	Ellttahm
	Rembuttahm		
Singular feminine		Ahpptém (for.)	Éliittahm
Plural	Amattahm	Ahpptém	llsphuhm

There is a third person singular, which transcribes to "it" in English, which is used as follows:

Subjective Wahat

Possessive Ishkuát

Objective Wahattám

Refer to the 3rd person

Plural plural in the above tables

Uses of each type of pronoun (total 26; duplicates counted as one):

- In case if the pronoun acts as the subject, the **subjective** is used.
- In case the pronoun owns something in any part of the sentence, the **possessive** is used **after** the clause.
- In case the pronoun acts as the object, the **objective** is used.
- In case if you dont know, there is NO passive voice in Globallic. Only active voice.
- Let's see a few examples of pronoun usage in 3 sentences:

- **Élja** yéhhín lapatín na kuta **ishkréélha**.

Both are forms of "she", but they take different values in the sentence. Notice that "ishkréélha" <her> comes after the object? It is not counted as objective.

- ¿Tú dex kitap thini? ¿Kitap thæm mjan té **ishkréhll**!

Even though <he> is an object, we use the possessive as that describes that the book <kitap> belongs to him.

- ¿Tham botello delta murtablían **ishkrirembu** punya ben gerglín!

Ishkrirembu <my> is depicted in the subject, but is in possessive as he/she possesses that water bottle <tham botello delta murtablían> and it has been found. Both bottle <botello> and water

<murtablían> are feminine verbs, but they don't need to agree with the pronoun used. Even if third gender, if a male human possesses a water bottle, <Ishkréhll> will be used instead of <ishkréélha>, as the pronoun does NOT have to agree with the subject.

Verbs

Postpositions

Nouns

Adjectives

Adverbs

Conjunctions

English FANBOYS Conjunctions-

- Del/Delta - For (del is a conjunction; delta is an article that works as a conjunction)
- Jim - And
- Ragu pass - Nor
- Wahrata - But
- Ragu - Or
- Wahrata - Yet
- Tík - So/Because

English correlative conjunctions-

- Both/And - Duijá/Jim
- Whether/Or - Kammem/Ragu
- Not only/but also - Ekjá pass/kamu wahrata
- Either/Or - Ekjmèm/Ragu
- Neither/Nor - Pèkjmèm/Ragu pass
- As/as - Tràmme used after the word and na used between the Adjective and noun.
 - As big as an elephant - Bèg na xatjí tràmme.
 - As wise as a king - Intigentílem na ra3a tràmme.
- If/Then - Viao/monaj
- So/That - Tík/Thæm or Thæmem (use varies)

Others-

- If - Viao
- Whether - Kammem
- Also - Kamu
- Either - Ekjmèm

- Neither - Ekjmèm pass (obsolete) / Pèkjmèm (used in 99% of written documents and conversations using this word)
- Yéhjín - Therefore (also used before Gerund; past participle and continuous)
- Tràmme - As
- With - Na
- Because - Tík
- Semicolon usage (;) in English - (Nagu) in Globallic

Articles

There are 5 articles and 4 determiners (articles come before, determiners vary) in Globallic. Each see their various meaning.

Articles-

- Umo - A/an
- Ta - The (male/plural/general)
- Tham - The (singular female)
- Delta - For the
- Tus - Obsolete form of The used for plurals.

Determiners-

- Thini - This
- Thæm - That
- Thinií - These
- Thæmem - Those

Possessive determiner

Prefix/suffix/infix

Question words

Verb order

It is a S-V-O language, like English; but S-O-V can be used in literature. Here are some ideas for it:

There are 5 example sentences given below: English meanings are also given

1. A hairy dog will play with that child in the park.
2. Dad bought milk for us yesterday.
3. You and I play basketball everyday.
4. Team India defeated Pakistan in the Asia Cup on 28 September.
5. Hari will work with my fragrance company from tomorrow onwards.

Globallic sentences- (Ta wàkja delta idúm delta globbo)

Subject (Subyecto)	Adjective (Adjéktif)	Modal/Helping verb (Modalo/Vérbbo auxiliaro)	Main verb (Vérbbo pratham)	Object (Vastú)	Adjective (Adjéktif)	Extra
Umo kuta	bayallo	was	anpayk	na presta	thæm	éhn tham parqué.
Pèta			kharídín	tham læc		byáh amattahm kalo.
Ap jim rembu			anpaykkem	ta basquètt- béll		jekchin díó.
Bhàrat	tima	punya	haraíjatín	Páqistano		non 28 jebtembro.
Hari		was	trabax	na kompaní	phrágrancia ishkrirembu	jéth majjyo.

Vocabulary

Main vocabularies

No.	English ^[W]	Globallic
1	I	Rembu (general use) Rambadan (literary use)
2	you (singular)	Tú (inf.) Ap (for.)
3	he	Ell
4	we	Am
5	you (plural)	Ap or Ap-na
6	they	Ilis

7	this	Thini
8	that	Thæm
9	here	Jat
10	there	Wuat
11	who	Cuánd
12	what	Ke Cquèlle (f.)
13	where	Duar
14	when	Kab
15	how	Timi
16	not	Pass
17	all	Sab or na
18	many	Manné
19	some	Richen
20	few	Querleé
21	other	Bekhi
22	one	Umo
23	two	Des
24	three	Très
25	four	Cquatre
26	five	Cinque
27	big	Bèg (m.) Bèggue (f.)
28	long	Tien (m.) Terliè (f.)
29	wide	Apœt (m.) Apœemme (f.)
30	thick	Tethen (m.) Téthie (f.)
31	heavy	Bharjii

32	small	Guardil (m.) Guardenne (f.)
33	short	Stecque (m.) Stecquíne (f.)
34	narrow	Nérou (m.) Nérée (f.)
35	thin	Tyarle
36	woman	Metujklé
37	man (adult male)	Home
38	man (human being)	Úmanno
39	child	Keddós
40	wife	Paténi
41	husband	Swamie
42	mother	Mata
43	father	Pèta
44	animal	Animal (m.) Animalle (f.)
45	fish	Mássue
46	bird	Yerœién
47	dog	Kuta or Canné
48	louse	Licenne
49	snake	Saanp
50	worm	Lethios
51	tree	Vrikshos
52	forest	Wannú
53	stick	Neklin
54	fruit	Phalos

55	seed	Annam
56	leaf	Pattos
57	root	Rotino
58	bark	Trunquóskeinno
59	flower	Flær
60	grass	Grasse
61	rope	Njeime
62	skin	Skeinno
63	meat	Mettos
64	blood	Khøenne
65	bone	Bonous
66	fat	Niàanne
67	egg	Ferliguèenne
68	horn	Horne
69	tail	Púncch
70	feather	Hamelija
71	hair	Bayàl
72	head	Sírr
73	ear	Kan
74	eye	Semsok
75	nose	Nake
76	mouth	Muthe
77	tooth	Dantes
78	tongue	Jihbhwá
79	fingernail	Nakún delta angli
80	foot	Páj

81	leg	Leggus
82	knee	Chenges
83	hand	Manne
84	wing	Hamelija-Supportas
85	belly	Pettós
86	guts	Intestino guardil
87	neck	Gardann
88	back	Eyas
89	breast	NOT GONNA SAY
90	heart	Díllos
91	liver	Levero
92	drink	Piné
93	eat	Mancj
94	bite	Better
95	suck	Hosken
96	spit	Thukkèn
97	vomit	Thukkèn
98	blow	Farjden
99	breathe	Saas cjoyem
100	laugh	Yasser
101	see	Dex
102	hear	Hun
103	know	Intelíínt
104	think	Sochatí
105	smell	Saas cjoyem
106	fear	Minyani

107	sleep	Lapat
108	live	Rahatti
109	die	Marn
110	kill	Marena
111	fight	Chagad punyar
112	hunt	Marn animal punyar
113	hit	Hot punyar
114	cut	Echeler
115	split	Echeler
116	stab	Cakú marena
117	scratch	Skracar
118	dig	Noyar
119	swim	Echegussón
120	fly	Udar
121	walk	Lechpin
122	come	Ghøemmem
123	lie	Pass sacho boln
124	sit	Hake
125	stand	Chape
126	turn	Choene
127	fall	Girén
128	give	Dener
129	hold	Pakad
130	squeeze	Hechiaol
131	rub	Piokik
132	wash	Wanched

133	wipe	Wanched
134	pull	Pakad éhn
135	push	Pakad bahr
136	throw	Phekn
137	tie	Táj (n.) Bandhnar (v.)
138	sew	Seú punyar
139	count	Numéro bolnar
140	say	Bolnar
141	sing	Gaán bolnar
142	play	Anpayk
143	float	Essír
144	flow	Foloúr
145	freeze	Rók na wereí
146	swell	Longchin
147	sun	Soul
148	moon	Lune
149	star	Shintlé
150	water	Murtablían
151	rain	Bàrish
152	river	Murtablían foloúr non landos
153	lake	Murtablían non landos
154	sea	Mère
155	salt	Namak
156	stone	Pattxar
157	sand	Cimáj

158	dust	Dussto
159	earth	Globbo
160	cloud	Nongpiár
161	fog	Fogo
162	sky	Asman
163	wind	Haw
164	snow	Wereí-bàrish
165	ice	Wereí
166	smoke	Ghandho
167	fire	Ax
168	ash	Ax residú
169	burn	Axer
170	road	Route
171	mountain	Me3órian
172	red	Lalos
173	green	Haros
174	yellow	Yallos
175	white	Løenne
176	black	Kalos
177	night	Harnian
178	day	Dinín
179	year	Salon
180	warm	Gàrám
181	cold	Eyaan
182	full	Bharton
183	new	Novem
184	old	Uij (m.) Urmá (f.)

185	good	—
186	bad	—
187	rotten	—
188	dirty	—
189	straight	—
190	round	—
191	sharp	—
192	dull	—
193	smooth	—
194	wet	—
195	dry	—
196	correct	—
197	near	—
198	far	—
199	right	—
200	left	—
201	at	—
202	in	—
203	with	—
204	and	—
205	if	—
206	because	—
207	name	—

Numbers (ordinal and cardinal)

Ta numéroi delta idúm delta globbo

Numéral	Nombro cardinál del numéral	Ordinál	Numéral ishkri ordinál
0	3éro	-	-
1	Umo	Pratham	1am
2	Des	Dwattham	2am
3	Très	Trèssíme	3me
4	Cquatre	Quatrand	4nd
5	Cincque	Cincqøend	5nd
6	Sicquecs	Sissème	6me

Example text

1. ⬆ 3 different combination: /s/ - **C**ento - Cent /k/ - **C**anné - Dog /tʃ/ - **C**art - Chart/Presentation
2. ⬆ 4 possiblibility: /ē/ - **B**éll - Ball /əy/ - **É**lja - She /ī/ - **É**ndia - India Stays silent- Jellin**é**a - Girl/Young woman



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